

SPEAK NAEE ILL.

Other people have their faults,
And so have ye as well,
But all ye chance to see or hear,
Ye have no right to tell.
If ye canna speak o' good,
Take care and see and feel,
Earth has too much o' woe,
And not enough o' weal.
Be careful that ye make nae strife,
Wi' meddlin' tongue and brain,
For ye will find enough to do
If ye but look at lame.
If ye canna speak o' good,
Oh! dinna speak at all,
For there is grief and woe enough
On this terrestrial ball.
If ye should feel like picking flaws
Ye better go, I ween,
And read the book that tells ye all
About the mote and beam.
Dinna lend a ready ear
To gossip or to strife,
Or, perhaps, 'twill make for ye
Nae funning thing o' life.
Oh! dinna add to others' woe,
Nor mock it with your mirth,
But give ye kindly sympathy
To suffering ones of earth.

SENSIBLE TALK.

Major Huff, of Macon, Ga., in a letter on the Georgia State Fair, discourses sensibly thus:

Fifteen years ago, when I first commenced the produce business in Macon, my little orders for grain and meat seldom went further than the fertile hills of Cherokee Georgia, and the fertile valleys of East Tennessee. I had time then to write and send letters for those supplies and wait the return of quotations before buying. I, with our merchants, purchased there, at our leisure, all that was necessary to supply the wants of Middle and Northwestern Georgia. Now we send our immense orders by telegraph wires to the rich fields and broad plains of Illinois and Missouri; and if by chance or ill luck, a railroad bridge is burned or a transfer boat is sunk and a little blockade occurs en route, a panic ensues and a meat, bread and hay famine at once threatens every man and beast south of Chattanooga. This is our miserably poor and helpless condition to-day—fearful and unreasonable as it may appear to outsiders.

But that annual deficiency of fifty millions of bushels of grain in the four states of Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina and Florida commented on so gravely by the Canal Convention in Atlanta, tells the whole story. We have suddenly awakened, as it were, from a deep sleep and discovered the unwelcome fact that we are a poor, thriftless, non-producing, all consuming, dependent people. And just so long as the farmers and planters pursue their present mad policy of buying fertilizers to make cotton to buy corn, bacon and hay with, and then pay two per cent. a month for money from April to November of each year to run this wild schedule, just so long will they be pitiable beggars and borrowers at the doors of transportation offices and shaving shops, provided a worse fate does not speedily overtake them.

The truth is, the whole country has become one common counting room and huge gambling shop. What we once did with the axe and the hoe, the plowshare and the reaping hook, we now seek to accomplish by strategy and chance, credit and speculation. As we must, sooner or later, come back to first principles, or we must perish. We have too many able bodied young men in shady places; too much tape cutting and pin selling; too little cotton chopping and hay curing; too many yardsticks thrown around loose on smooth counters and not enough hoe handles and plow stocks; too many law books and lager beer barrels in proportion to the rail splitting and digging; too much foolish foppery and fashion; and not enough sledge hammers and saw horses—in a word, too much idleness. We have to-day buried in the rich bosom of our varied soil greater wealth and grander results than can ever be worked out by canal products or Congressional enterprise. And how can this be done?

Not by dreamy theories and mythical plans, but by talking corn instead of canal—in diversifying and developing our own vast resources—in writing more about home effort and less about foreign emigration—in planting less cotton and manufacturing more yarns. In this, and this only, lies the secret of success, agricultural, financial and commercial. We are immensely rich in resources but miserably poor in handling them: What we want is work—honest, hard fisted, intelligent, well directed toil, labor and application in developing and utilizing what we have here at home rather than so many spasmodic efforts to bring from abroad that which we should not buy. Our poverty like our pride, is the result of misapprehensions and mistaken ideas of ourselves, of our country and of each other. The abolition of slavery in the South has developed a vast world of sickly, sentimental, lazy, indolent, stupefied, inert and inert population—a population of young and middle aged men, some of whom have known better days. These men put on old store clothes, hang around dirty grog shops and dingy hotels, smoke cheap cigars and drink mean whiskey, affect old habits, and ante-war style; talk politics awhile and curse destiny and free negroes more, fret and fume over the results of the late war, and sign up mortgage liens on their cotton crops before they are planted, and promise to pay in the fall more money per acre for commercial fertilizers to scatter over their lands than some of them originally cost.

And, finally, when inattention to business and general bad policy and mismanagement have brought them and their State to the extremity of desperation—when ruin and bankruptcy stare us in the face—we issue proclamations, call public meetings, invite distinguished gentlemen from abroad to come here and sympathize with us. We meet in banquet halls, drink much champagne and discharge more gas over the great and absorbing questions of canal schemes, Congressional aid and cheap transportation, than was ever expended by our forefathers in discussing the Declarations of American Independence. And what does it avail? Will these idle and extravagant demonstrations ever work out the great problem of our independence? No! Never until labor becomes popular will money get easy. Never, until we feed fancy less, and learn to fatten chickens and hogs more, will want disappear and plenty step in. When these plain secrets of life shall have been learned, when the wild mania for speculation shall have departed from our farm houses and plantations, when our planters shall learn from experience, to abandon Wall street brokers and "cotton futures," and come to deal more directly in the production of square little "spots" of potatoes and corn, when agriculture shall become the ruling feature and controlling interest in our State—then, and not until then, will we become an independent, prosperous and happy people. And we have here all the elements necessary to this great end. Here God has blessed us with every thing essential or best, if only worked out. Every thing, from a chicken and a churn to a cotton field, from a ground pea patch in the sandhills, to a gold mine in the mountains. These are among our rich, rare and multiplied resources; these constitute our strength, our refuge and our power.

PICKLES—As the season for putting up pickles has arrived, we annex the following recipe, which we know to be a good one:
A perfectly clean stone or wooden vessel that can be covered securely, and has never had anything like butter or lard—or pickled beef or pork in it—with plenty of salt and pure fresh water, are the most important. Gather the fruit (cucumbers, gherkins, young canteloupes, muskmelons &c.) as they get the desired size—the morning is the best time—put them in the brine, being careful not to bruise them. They can be gathered every day until the vessel is full, taking care that they are kept constantly covered with the brine—which can be done with a lid smaller than the vessel placed upon them and weighted down with a stone—examine every few days, and if there is any appearance of scum on the top, take it off and add more salt. If they are to be kept several months examine them every few weeks, removing all that are soft, and renewing the brine. The usual way of pickling with vinegar is, take them from the brine one evening, soak them in fresh water until next morning—wash through two or three waters—put in a preserving kettle, with such spices as are liked, a handful of sugar and a small piece of alum—cover with vinegar, and scald thoroughly, but do not boil enough to make them soft—take them out, put in a jar and cover with fresh vinegar—when cold, they are fit for use. If the vinegar is good, they improve daily.

CURE FOR NOSE BLEED.—Put a piece of paper in your mouth, chew it rapidly, and it will stop bleeding. Doubtless any substance would answer the same purpose as paper, the stoppage of the flow of blood being caused doubtless by the rapid action of the jaws and the counter action of muscles and arteries connecting the jaws and nose. Physicians say that by placing a small roll of paper or muslin above the front teeth, under the upper lip, and pressing hard on the same, will arrest bleeding from the nose—checking the passage of blood through the arteries that lead to the nose.

CURE FOR SNAKE BITE.—Take one table spoonful of gun powder and salt and the yellow of one egg, and mix so as to make a plaster, place on a cloth and apply to the wound, letting it extend an inch each side of the wound. As the poison is drawn the plaster loses its sticking qualities, and when full will fall off. Apply a new plaster till it sticks, which is a sure evidence that the poison is all out.

OUR FOOD—There is no country where there is as much dyspepsia as in America, because our people pay so little attention to food and eat too much meat for the exercise they take. If one has mental labor, fish every second day at least is requisite. Soup sets all the glands at work, and prepares the stomach for the more important functions of digestion, and therefore should be taken at dinner every day. Beef broth is to the old what milk is to the young. Cookery, properly attended, keeps a man in health. If the stomach is out of order, the brain is affected. We should eat more fruit, vegetables, soup and fish. Good and well prepared food beautifies the physique the same as good and well directed education does the mind. Wrinkles are produced by want of the variety of food. The man who does not use his brain to select and prepare his food is not above the brutes, which take it in the raw state.

Home and Health.

Sow Ruta Baga Turnips as soon as possible, and prepare the ground for the white varieties to be sown next month.

New Spring and Summer GOODS.

The undersigned respectfully invites the attention of purchasers to his large and carefully selected stock of SPRING and SUMMER

DRY GOODS,

Embracing every article in the line of

Ladies' Dress Goods.

ALSO.

A fine assortment of

MEN AND BOY'S WEAR, CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Domestics, &c.

With a full stock of

Groceries,

Hardware and Crockery,

With a variety of other articles. All of which are on hand on the most reasonable terms.

J. W. McCURRY, Agent.

April 10.

GRAND DISTRIBUTION

CASH GIFTS!

And an Immense Variety of Valuable, Elegant and Useful Articles drawn daily,

—BY THE—

United States Tontine Association

A PRIZE FOR EVERY TICKET.

1 Cash Gift of \$25,000	75 Cash Gifts of \$750
5 " " 10,000	100 " " 500
10 " " 5,000	200 " " 250
20 " " 2,500	250 " " 100
50 " " 1,000	500 " " 50

Also a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Elegant Jewelry, Silver Ware, Dress Goods, Furs, Sewing Machines, Etc., Etc.

Tickets to draw any of the above articles, 25 cents each. The tickets are placed in sealed envelopes, well mixed, and drawn without favor. Whatever is named upon it will be delivered to the holder on payment of One Dollar, and sent by express or mail immediately. There are no blanks. Every Ticket fully describes the prize it draws.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.
Fair dealing certain.—*Courier*.—The most genuine scheme of the day.—*Record*.—A good chance for every one.—*Sentinel*.—Universal satisfaction given.—*Platdealer*.
Tickets supplied at 5 for \$1, 11 for \$2, 25 for \$3, 50 for \$5, 150 for \$15. One cash gift in every package of 150 tickets guaranteed. Send all sums exceeding One Dollar in amount by express. Address,
WALTER L. HASTINGS & CO.,
21 Park Row, New York.
Sm.

May 22.

CORN! CORN!

3,000 BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN. For sale by
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,
Jan. 16. Wilmington, N. C.

Provisions.

200 BOXES D. S. SIDES,
25 Hhds. Bacon Sides and Shoulders,
200 Barrels Mess Pork. For sale by
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,
Jan 16 Wilmington, N. C.

FLOUR, FLOUR.

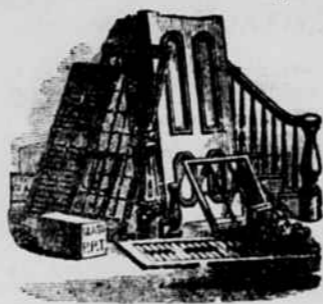
1,200 BARRELS—ALL GRADES.
For Sale by
WILLIAMS & MURCHISON,
Jan. 16. Wilmington, N. C.

Patronize Home Industry.

And keep your Money Circulating AT HOME.

Buggies, Carriages and Wagons

MANUFACTURED OF the best selected material, by skilled workmen, at the Factory of JOHN AGNEW, near the Post-office, at Columbia. Old Carriages repaired to look like new. All work warranted.
For Cuts and information, address,
M. J. CALMAN, Agent.
JOHN AGNEW, Proprietor. Dec 17



DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS.

MOULDING, Brackets, Stair Fixtures, Builders' Furnishing Hardware, Drain Pipe, Floor Tiles, Wire Guards, Terra Cotta Ware, Marble and Slate Mantle Pieces.

Window Glass a Specialty.
White Pine Lumber for Sale.
Circulars and Price Lists sent free on application, by
P. P. TOALE,
20 Hayne and 33 Pinckney sts.,
Oct. 3.—ly. Charleston, S. C.

WILSON'S

LIVER REMEDY.

sure and permanent cure for all diseases caused by a deranged Liver such as Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Haemorrhoids, Fevers, Nervousness, Impurity of the Blood, Melancholy, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Pains in the Head, and all kindred diseases.
EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE IT.
Sold by all Druggists.
PREPARED ONLY BY
WILSON & BLACK,
Charlotte, N. C.

DIAMOND SPECTACLES.



THESE Spectacles are manufactured from "MINUTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES," melted together, and are called DIAMOND on account of their hardness and brilliancy.
It is well known that Spectacles cut from Brazilian or Scotch Pebbles are very injurious to the eye, because of their polarizing effect.
Having been tested with the polariscope, the diamond lenses have been found to admit fifteen per cent. less heated rays than any other pebble.
They are ground with great scientific accuracy, are free from chromatic aberrations, and produce a brightness and distinctness of vision not before attained in Spectacles.

Manufactured by the Spencer Optical Manufacturing Company, New York. For sale by
J. A. YOUNG, Camden, S. C.
From whom they can only be obtained. No peddlers employed.
The great demand for these Spectacles has induced unscrupulous dealers to palm an inferior and spurious article for the "Diamond." Great care should be taken to see that the trade mark (which is protected by American Letters Patent) are stamped on every pair.
September 26. 12m.

Piedmont and Arlington

LIFE

Insurance Company

OF

Richmond, Virginia.

ASSETS

\$3,000,000.

W. C. CARRINGTON,

PRESIDENT.

Losses

Actually paid in Kershaw County within

Three Years,

\$28,000,00.

I take pleasure in saying I have returned to the agency of this popular Company. No difficulties will exist in future, as to Renewals of Policies, as I shall pay especial attention to that branch of the business.

I will always be found at my Office on Broad Street, Camden, S. C.

W. CLYBURN, Agent.

January 16, 1873. 12

Potatoes, Apples and Onions.

400 Barrels POTATOES,
125 Barrels APPLES,
30 Barrels ONIONS,
For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER,
27, 28 and 29 North Water-st.
Wilmington, Jan. 19.

Spirit Casks.

400 SPIRIT CASKS—Now landing ex Steamer Lucille,
For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER,
27, 28 and 29 North Water Street,
Jan. 19 Wilmington, N. C.

Butter, Cheese, Lard & Mullet.

200 boxes CHEESE,
50 Tubs Butter,
50 Barrels and Tubs Lard,
125 Barrels No. 1 Mullet.
For sale by
F. W. KERCHNER,
27, 28 and 29 North Water St.
Jan. 16. Wilmington, N. C.

Hay, Corn, Salt and Glue.

300 bales HAY, 3,000 bushels CORN,
2,000 sacks American Salt,
250 sacks Blown Salt, 200 bbls Glue
For Sale by
F. W. KERCHNER,
27, 28 and 29 North Water St.
Jan. 16. Wilmington, N. C.

GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS.

Best New Orleans Molasses
Sugar House Syrup,
Selected Goshen Butter,
Best Family Flour,
Pure Leaf Lard,
Coffee, Tea and Sugar,
Pearl Grist and Meal,
Mackerel and Cheese,
Irish Potatoes and Onions,
Soap, Starch and Candles,
English and American Pickles,
Canned Goods—all kinds,
Candies, Confections, &c.
And every thing usually kept in a first class Grocery and Provision Store, all of which will be sold at low prices, by
D. C. KIRKLEY, Agent.
January 30. 12

W. H. R. WORKMAN,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

CAMDEN, S. C.

Will make Protests where necessary, tak Probate of Deeds and Mortgages, Renunciation of Dower administered, &c.
April 17.

NEW GOODS!

At the store occupied by A. M. Kennedy, a few doors north of the Market, will be found a stock, consisting of

STAPLE DRY GOODS.

Hardware, Nails, Iron, Steel, Spades, Shovels, Garden Hoes, Brady & Elwell Hoes, Plow Moulds, &c., &c. &c.

GROCERIES.

Crushed, Coffee and Brown sugars, Rio Laguir and Java Coffees, Green and Hyson Teas, Smoked and unsmoked Side and Shoulder Bacon, Hams

Lard
Goshen Butter,
Corn, Oats, Salt, Stone
Lime, Fine Super and Extra
Family Flour, Soap, Candles,
Starch, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Soda
Crackers and Cheese, New Orleans Sugar
House and W. I. Molasses Canned Fruit, Oysters, Early Rose, Goodrich, Pink Eye and Jack-on White Planting Potatoes.

Crockery, Glassware &c., Saddles, Bridles
Shoes, Hames &c., All of which will be sold at the lowest price for cash, and we request a call from all who wish to purchase.

A. D. KENNEDY & CO.

A. D. KENNEDY,
A. M. KENNEDY.

A. M. Kennedy will give his attention to the purchase of cotton; is agent for the sale of Etiwan Guano, Etiwan Crop Food and Etiwan Ground Bone.
Feb 16 12

FRESH

Spring Goods,

AT CLOUD'S

Emporium of Fashion.

A new and complete line, and largely increased stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

Hats and Caps.

Fancy and Staple Goods.

A complete assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES

THE BEST IN CAMDEN.

Carefully selected by the proprietor in the

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Ladies and gentlemen will please call and examine this ATTRACTIVE DISPLAY of Seasonable Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

The well-known standard of SATISFACTORY CASH PRICES strictly maintained.

JOS. S. CLOUD:

NEW OPENING.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a

First Class Grocery Store,

where they may find a general assortment of

Groceries,

At the lowest cash prices. Also,

WINES AND LIQUORS

of all grades, which will be sold low for cash.

R. D. THOMAS.

Opposite Leitner & Dunlap's Law Office.
February 20. 12

Drugs and Medicines

WE have just received from the Northern Markets, the largest stock of
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Lamps, Patent Medicines, Spices, and Dye-Stuffs, generally
ever brought to this market.
As the import duty has been reduced on many articles, we can sell cheaper than ever before.
HODGSON & DUNLAP.
November 28. 12

CAROLINA LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF

Memphis, Tenn.

BRANCH OFFICE AT BALTIMORE, MD.

Assets, \$1,075,000.

Hon JEFF. DAVIS, President.

Gen. WADE HAMPTON, Vice President.

JOHN D. KENNEDY, State Agent.
May 22. 12m.

SODA WATER.

ICE COLD SODA WATER, fresh from the Fountain, dispensed by
HODGSON & DUNLAP.
May 1.

OUR NEW BOOK LIST—NO. 8.

Fogartie's Book Depository.

FOGARTIE, STILLMAN & CO.

Chambers' Encyclopedia. The revised edition of this deservedly popular "Dictionary of Useful Knowledge for the People" is now completed. Subscribers desiring to complete their sets will please give immediate notice. Arrangements are made for binding the numbers for subscribers in cheap and substantial styles. New subscribers will be received for the bound volumes, and arrangements made to deliver them at intervals, so as to enable all who desire to possess this "cheapest and best of Encyclopedias" at a trifling inconvenience. Complete sets, in ten volumes, will be furnished at the following rates, viz: Extra cloth, bevelled boards, per volume, \$6.50; Library Sheet marbled edge, \$6; half Turkey Morocco, \$7.50, and various styles of finer bindings.

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The Life and Times of Philip Schuyler, by Lossing, 2 vols \$5.

Historical Memorials of Canterbury: the landing of Augustine, the murder of Becket, Edward the Black Prince, Becket's Shrine, by Arthur F. Stanley, D. D., formerly Canon of Canterbury, with illustrations, \$3.75.

The Unknown River by Philip Gilbert Hamerton, illustrated by the author, \$6.

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March 20

SOUTH CAROLINA

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CHARLESTON, S. C.

OFFICE NO. 17, BROAD STREET

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THE deposits in the Savings Department of this Company are invested as a Special Trust